

October 24, 1995

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**HAND DELIVERED** 

Mr. William F. Caton
Office of the Secretary
Federal Communications Commission
1919 M Street, N.W., Room 222
Washington, D. C. 20554

TOO WILL BOOM

DOCKET FILE COPY ORIGINAL

Re: In the matter of Streamlining the Commission's Rules and Regulations for Satellite Application and Licensing Procedures, IB Docket No. 95-117.

Dear Mr Caton:

Enclosed herewith is one (1) original, and 5 (five) copies of our reply to the comments submitted to the Notice of Proposed Rulemaking in IB Docket 95-117.

Sincerely,

**COMSEARCH** 

Christopher R. Hardy

Director, Microwave and Satellite Services

**Enclosure** 

No. of Copies rec'd 4

# Before the FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20554

OCT 2.5 **1995** 

In the matter of

FOOMING BOOM

Streamlining the Commission's )
Rules and Regulations for Satellite )
Application and Licensing Procedures )

IB Docket No. 95-117

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To: The Commission

### REPLY COMMENTS OF COMSEARCH

Comsearch, hereby respectfully submits its reply in response to the comments filed to the Notice of Proposed Rulemaking ("NPRM") in the above captioned proceeding.

We endorse Commission action that will expedite the Part 25 licensing process in light of in-service demands placed upon carriers in today's market. Permitting pre-authorization construction and streamlining reporting requirements as outlined in the NPRM is certainly a good step in this regard. At the same time consideration must be given to preserve the integrity of the systems from either causing or receiving potential interference.

## Eliminating Application Requirements for Inclined Orbit Operations

We disagree with the comments of Keystone regarding the need for updated frequency coordination for C-band earth stations uplinking to satellites in inclined orbits. Contrary to Keystone's remarks, the initial frequency coordination that may have cleared the earth station for operations with geostationary satellites is not always sufficient to clear the same earth station operating with satellites in an inclined orbit. Earth stations communicating with a satellite in an inclined orbit are likely to present greater interference potential to terrestrial systems than a satellite operating with no inclination because of lower elevation angles. The lower elevation angles result in decreased discrimination angles and greater earth station antenna gain towards terrestrial facilities. This results in greater potential interference into the terrestrial facilities. Depending upon the location of the earth station relative to the location of the satellite in inclined orbit and the amount of inclination of the satellite, the gain of the earth station can increase up to 15 dB. Since communication with satellites operating in an inclined orbit could have a significant impact on the interference environment, terrestrial users should be given the opportunity to review the impact of possible interference into their systems. This is achieved through frequency coordination.

# Modifications not requiring prior authorization.

Comsearch generally agrees with the comments filed in support of

<sup>1</sup> See, comments of Keystone, page 3.

Commissions proposal to eliminate prior authorization requirements for certain "minor" modifications. However, it was apparent from the comments that further definition of what constitutes a minor modification is necessary. The criteria should be based upon interference considerations affecting both satellites and shared band terrestrial systems. For example, EDS claims that prior authorization should not be required for a licensee's substitution of an antenna manufacturer or antenna model number different than that initially licensed. While we agree that the potential interference into receiving satellites may be negligible, the possible change in discrimination pattern of the new antenna can result in significant interference into shared band terrestrial Various interpretations of the guidelines could be reduced if a format similar to Part 21.42 was used. We would also urge the Commission to make clearer the requirement for frequency coordination, regardless of the type of modification. As stated in Section 21.100 (d) (viii) notification is required for minor as well as major changes. We recommend that the ", as necessary," text found in the first sentence of the proposed section 25.118 be

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See comments of MCI, Motorola Satellite Communications, Inc AT&T Corp, EDS Corporation, Keystone, and Loral/Qualcomm Partnership, L.P.

See comments of EDS Corporation, page 6.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Section 21.100 (d) (viii) states "If after coordination is successfully completed, it is determined that a subsequent change could have no impact on some carriers receiving the original notification, it is not necessary to coordinate the change with such carriers. However, these carriers shall be notified of the change and the opinion that coordination is not required for such change."

removed to help clarify this requirement.

Respectfully Submitted,
COMSEARCH

Prepared by:

Christopher R. Hardy

Comsearch 2002 Edmund Halley Drive Reston, Virginia 22091

### CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Meredith S. Workman, a secretary at Comsearch, do hereby certify that the attached Reply Comments were mailed on October 24, 1995, by first class mail, postage prepaid, to the following:

Mr. Randolph J. May Mr. Timothy J. Cooney Attorneys for EDS Corporation 1275 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20004

Mr. James F. Rogers Mr. Steven H. Schulman Attorneys for Hughes Network Systems, Inc. 1001 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W., Suite 1300 Washington, DC 20004

Mr. Tom W. Davidson, P.C.
Ms. Jennifer A. Manner, Esq.
Attorneys for
Teledesic Corporation
1331 New Hampshire Avenue, N.W., Suite 400
Washington, DC 20036

Mr. James T. Roche Regulatory Counsel Keystone Communications Corporation 400 N. Capitol Street, N.W., Suite 880 Washington, DC 20001

Mr. Albert Halprin Mr. William F. Maher, Jr. Attorneys for Orbital Sciences Corporation 1100 New York Avenue, N.W., Suite 650, East Tower Washington, DC 20005

Mr. James E. Byrd, Jr. Orbital Sciences Corporation 21700 Atlantic Boulevard Dulles, VA 20166

Mr. Michael J. Ladino General Counsel CTA Incorporation 6116 Executive Boulevard, Suite 800 Rockville, MD 20852 Mr. Phillip L. Spector
Ms. Susan E. Ryan
Attorneys for
CTA Incorporation
1615 L Street, N.W., Suite 1300
Washington, DC 20036-5694

Mr. Joseph A. Godles Mr. W. Kenneth Ferree Attorneys for Panamsat Corporation 1229 Nineteenth Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20036

Mr. Gregg Daffner, Esq. Vice President, Government Affairs PanAmSat Corporation One Pickwick Plaza Greenwich, Connecticut 06830

Ms. Catherine Wang, Esq. Swidler & Berlin, Chartered 3000 K Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20007

Mr. Philip V. Otero Mr. Alexander P. Humphrey GE American Communications, Inc. 1750 Old Meadow Road McLean, VA 22102

Mr. Mary C. Rosenblum
Mr. Peter H. Jacoby
Ms. Judy Sello
Attorneys for
AT&T Corporation
295 North Maple Avenue, Room 3244J1
Basking Ridge, NJ 07920

Mr. Gregory F. Intoccia Mr. Donald J. Elardo Attorneys for MCI 1801 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20006

Mr. Philip L. Malet
Mr. Alfred M. Mamlet
Mr. Brent Weingardt
Attorneys for
Motorola Satellite Communications, Inc.
1330 Connecticut Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20036

Mr. Micheal D. Kennedy
Vice President and Director
Regulatory Relations
Mr. Barry Lambergman, Manager
Satellite Regulatory Affairs
Motorola, Inc.
1350 I Street, N.W.
Washington, DC 20005

Mr. John T. Scott, III Mr. William D. Wallace Attorneys for Loral/Qualcomm Partnership, L.P. 1001 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20004

Ms. Leslie A. Taylor Mr. Guy T. Christiansen Attorneys for Loral/Qualcomm Partnership, L.P. 680 Carlynn Court Bethesda, MD 20817

Mr. Benjamin J. Griffin Mr. Enrico C. Soriano Attorneys for Home Box Office 1301 K Street, N.W., Suite 1100 East Tower Washington, DC 20005

Ms. April McClain-Delaney, Esq. Director of Regulatory Affairs Orion Network Systems, Inc. 2440 Research Boulevard, Suite 400 Rockville, MD 20850

Meredith S. Workman